



Do It Yourself Solar Photovoltaic (PV) Workshop



Jack Barnett
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Agenda



Tonight:

- Economics and Cost
- Intro to Photovoltaic (PV) Solar Systems
- Paperwork & Permitting
- Roofs and How to Mount
- Sizing and Layout
- Racking Installation

Tomorrow:

- More about paperwork
- Review of racking
- Inverter Installation
- Panel Installation
- Wiring & grounding
- Commissioning
- Maintenance

Homework Assignment: bring a sketch of your roof space

including its orientation and measurements (or estimation). Also make note of any obstructions and possible shading concerns.

Most Important Considerations

- Site Quality: Orientation and Shading
 - South(ish) facing roof or nearby area to install a ground-mount
 - No (or little) shading year around;
Use a Solar Pathfinder to check =>
 - Impacts: lower production = less ROI
- System Sizing: usually limited by one of
 - Physical site issues (roof size), or
 - Available budget (cash to invest)



What Will a Solar PV System Cost?

- Cost: Approximations/Rules of Thumb:
 - PA 2015 costs for an “average” professionally installed ‘basic’ PV system: ~**\$3.70/watt_{dc}**
 - Or, with DIY labor: ~**\$2.00/watt_{dc}** for just the ‘basic’ materials
 - Don’t forget permitting and inspection costs
- To be certain, get one or more installation cost estimates from certified solar PV installers. Look for a *North American Board of Certified Energy Professionals (NABCEP)* certification.



How Do You Make Your Money Back?



Three basic ways:

1. Income tax credits
2. Savings from not paying a utility for electricity produced
3. Selling Solar Renewable Energy Certificates (SRECs)

Other grants, financial assistance, or incentives may also be available e.g. farms, small businesses loans, etc.



Visit: <http://dsireusa.org> for a summary of federal & state regulations and incentives across USA

Federal Income Tax Credits

Federal Individual Tax Credit of up to 30% of cost for new residential renewable energy systems

- Does not have to be your ‘main’ home
- Only for actual payments (not DIY labor)
- Extended through 2019, then reduced % for 2 more years

When: filing taxes for the year of the system’s “in-service date”

- Use IRS Form 5695
- Must have taxable income to be offset; or can be carried forward, if needed



Paying the Utility for Less Electricity

PA law requires distribution utilities to provide **Net-metering**

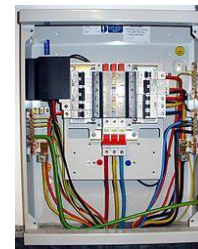
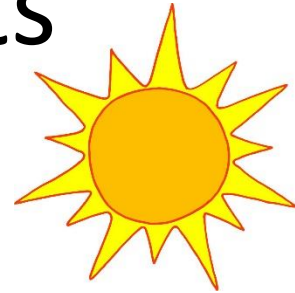
- Meter runs backward! when producing more than you're using
- Utility acts as a 'virtual battery' – providing you with a kWhr of credit for each kWhr of excess production from your system
- Credits are then used when the household's electricity load is greater than production (e.g. when sun is not shining)
- You must still pay the distribution utility for
 - monthly connection fees,
 - demand charges (commercial tariffs), and
 - for kWhrs used when all credits are consumed
- In PA, if you have remaining kWhr credits in the May billing date, the utility will send you a check
 - BUT using the lower "rate-to-compare" price per kWhr



Basic PV System Components

1. Panels to convert sunlight into DC electricity
2. Inverters to convert DC into AC
We are using micro-invertors, 1 per panel
3. Racking to hold things in place
4. Wiring to connect everything
5. Grounding/bonding to keep it safe
6. Production meter and/or remote monitoring

This is a Grid-tied and battery-less system, so will not function during utility outages.

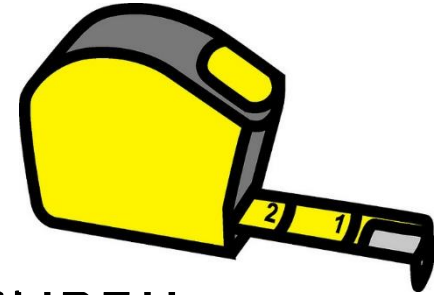


Order of Events

1. Site and Sizing
2. Apply - for permit & interconnection
3. Order Equipment
4. Install
5. Electrical Inspection (required)
6. Final Paperwork submission
7. TURN ON SYSTEM!



1. Site and Sizing



Roof Space:

- Will It Fit? MEASURE MEASURE MEASURE!!
- Panels: ~40" Wide x ~65" Tall – 9, 12, 15 panels?
- Roof Age, Roof Type: Metal or Shingled

No Obstacles: Vent, Chimney, Trees, Satellite dish

South(ish) Orientation without Shading:

- Want Sun All Day!! Best: 6+ hours/day, all year
- Use a Pathfinder



2. Apply



Interconnect
Application

A. Utility Interconnection - Part 1

Google: [utility name] interconnection agreement

– Inverter Spec Sheet “DATA SHEET”

– Application

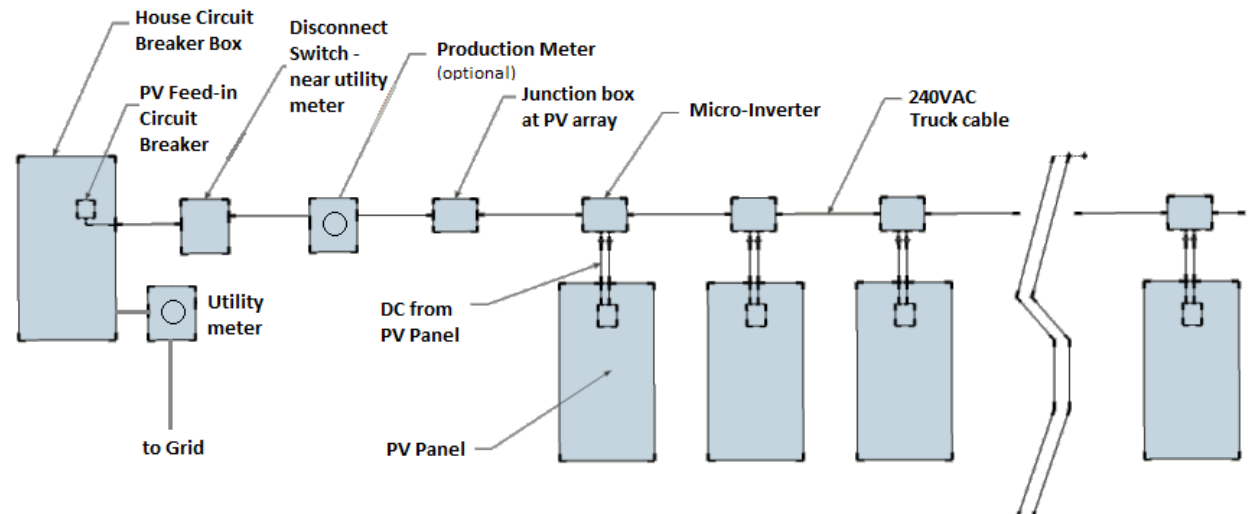
– Fee??

– Site Plan

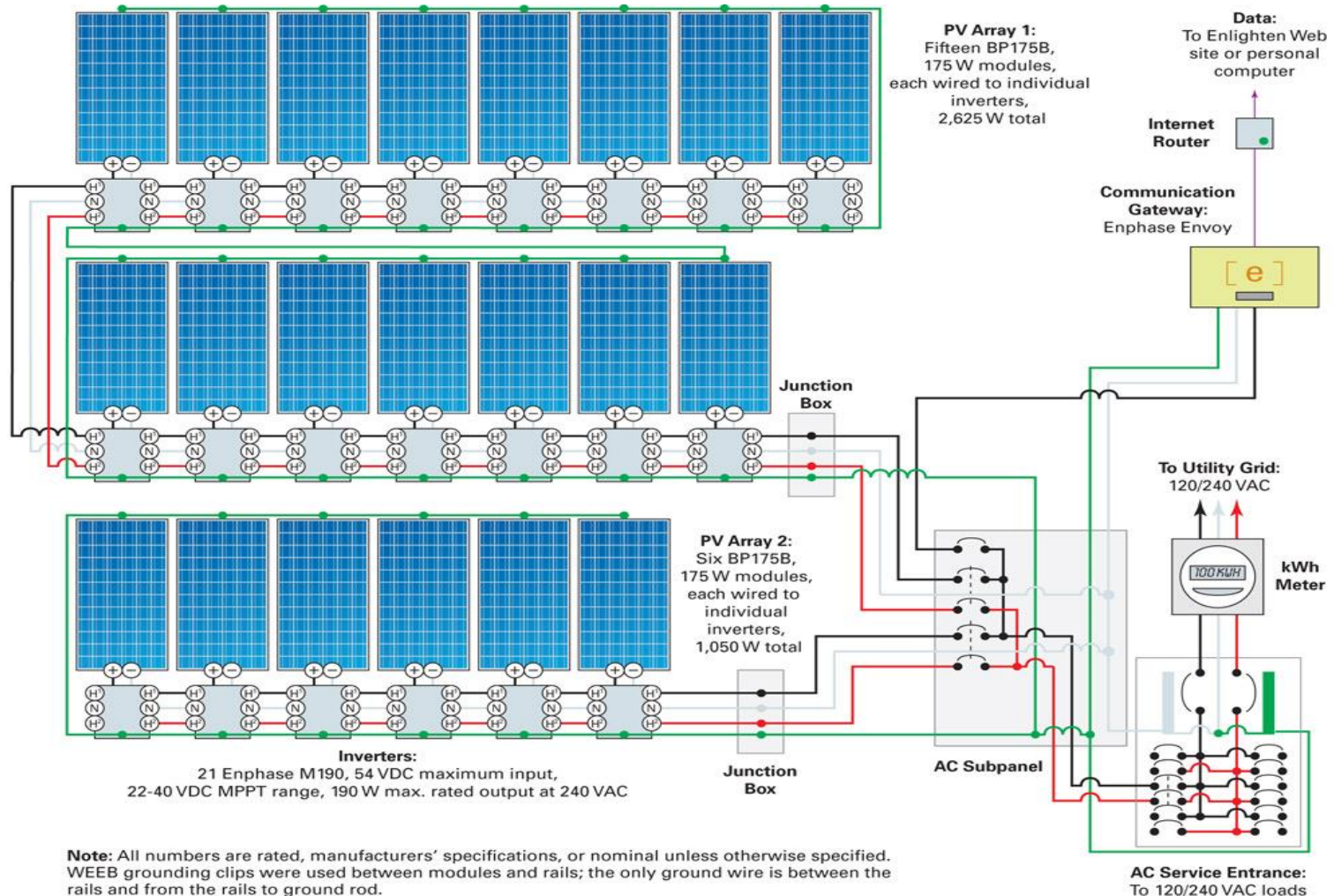
– 1 Line
Electrical
Diagram



Enphase Spec
Sheet



3-Line Electrical Diagram



2. Apply (continued)

B. Community Permits (if required)

- Everything from Interconnect
- Plus data sheet on solar panels, racking, engineering reports
- Fees vary significantly

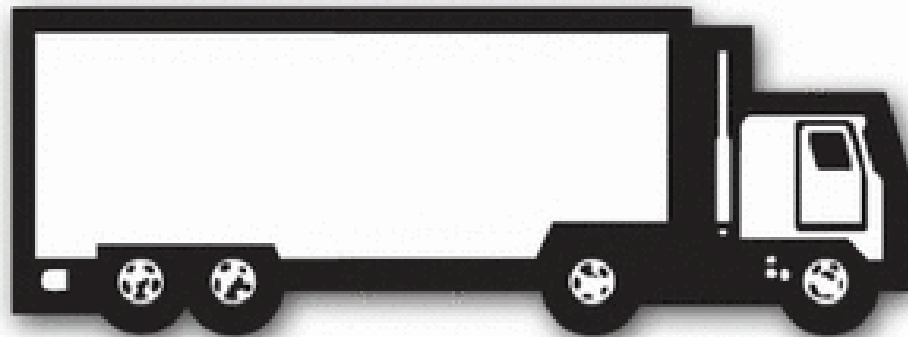


3. Order Equipment

Approved! Now What?

Order Equipment

- At least 2 weeks in advance
- Tracker Trailer Lift-gate Deliver Service



4. Install - Prep

Tools Needed:

- Ladders/scaffolding
- Safety Harness & Line
- Chalk Line
- Cordless Drill/Wrench
- Hand Tools
- Ratchet and Sockets
- Pencil, Crayon, Sharpie
- Tape Measure
- Hammer
- Saw
- Caulk Gun
- Volt meter

Misc Equipment:

- Stainless-steel Lag Screws/bolts
- Roofing Caulk/Silicone
- Outdoor Zip-Ties
- Copper #6 wire
- Ground Rod & nut
- Weatherproof Junction Box
- 12/3 Romex wire
- Conduit (if external)
- 20A 240v Circuit Breaker
- Exterior AC disconnect switch
- Meter base (for optional production meter)

4. Install: L-Feet

- Find Array Center, Top and one Side Edge
- Find Rafters 48"-64"
- Layout the Feet
 - Height on Panel - 12"-15" (from top & bottom)
 - Width on Panel – no more than 12"
 - Pre Drill (no larger than lag bore without threads)
- Install with Stainless-steel Lag
 - Silicone (or gaskets provided)

4. Install: Rails

- Rails
 - Align Starting End (either left or right)
 - Let other end run wild (saw off later)
- Splice Bars
- Bonding Lugs
- Bonding Wire

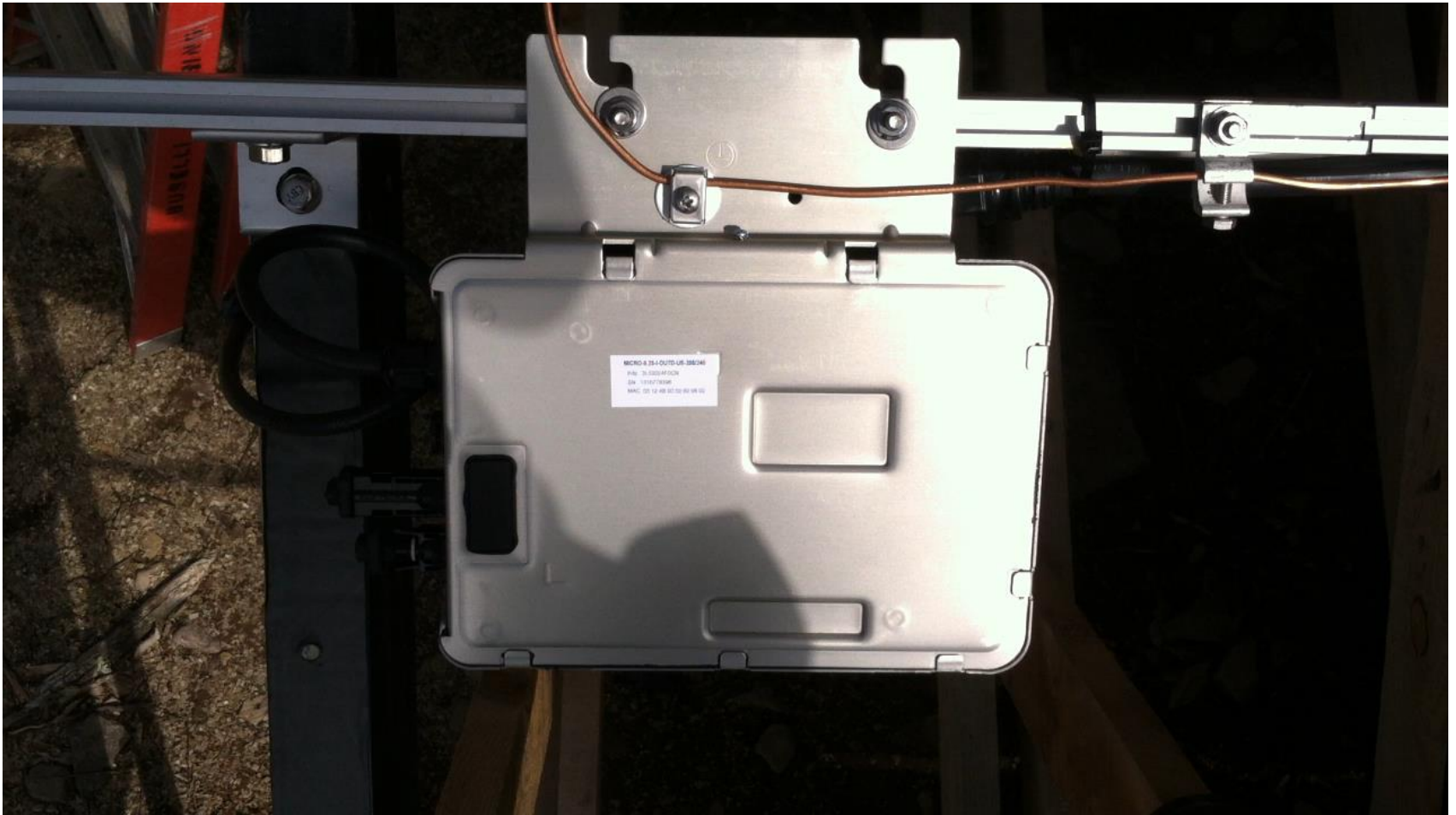


4. Install: Inverters

- Attach Inverter Trunk Cable to backside of Rails
 - Terminate one end
 - Zip-tie so no cables touch roof surface
- Attach Inverters
 - On to upper rail under each panel location
 - Attach copper bonding wire
 - Attach AC Connector to Trunk Cable
 - Zip-tie so no cables touch roof surface



4. Install: Inverters





Day 2: Do It Yourself Solar Photovoltaic (PV) Workshop



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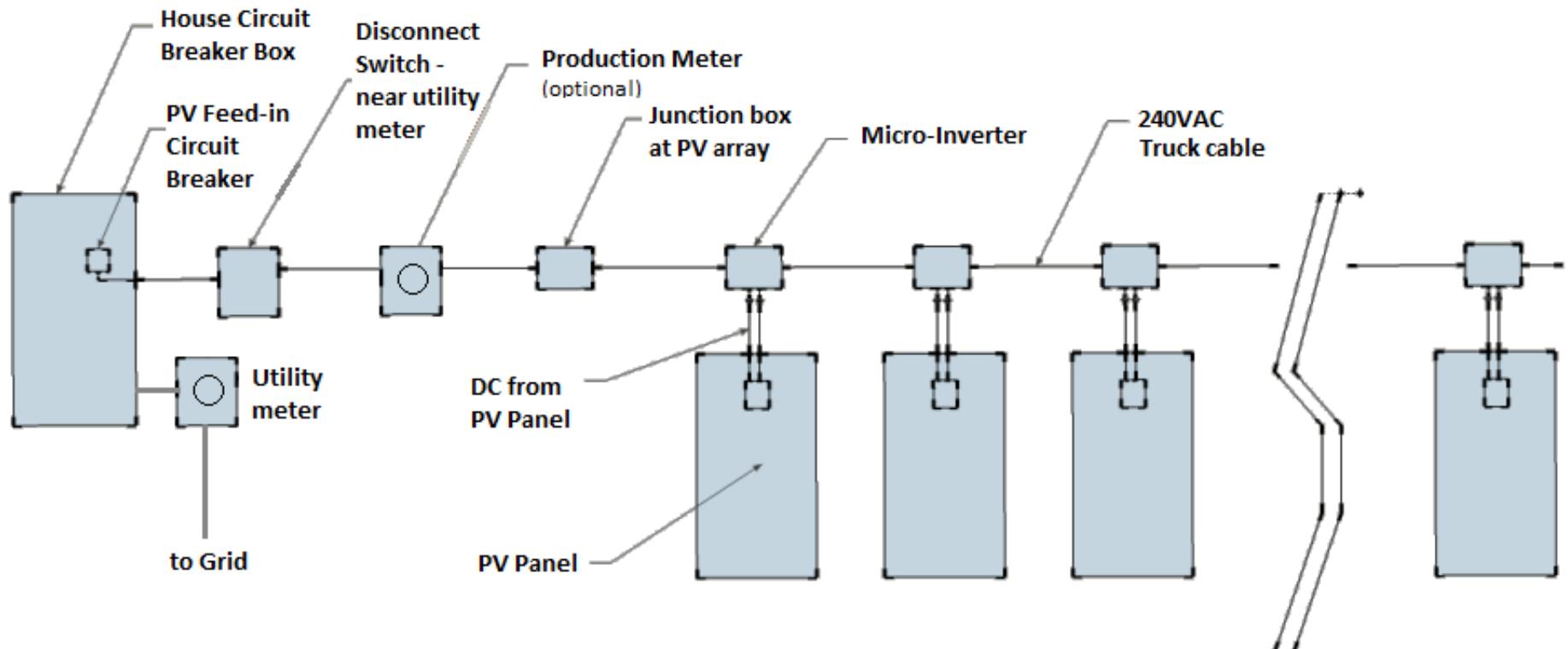
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7. TURN ON SYSTEM!

One Line Diagram



4. Install: Panels

- Connect both DC connectors to Inverter
 - Zip-tie as needed
- End Clips
 - 12"-15" Rule
- Click, Zip, Clips
- Click, Zip, Clips
- Click, Zip, Clips
- End Clips

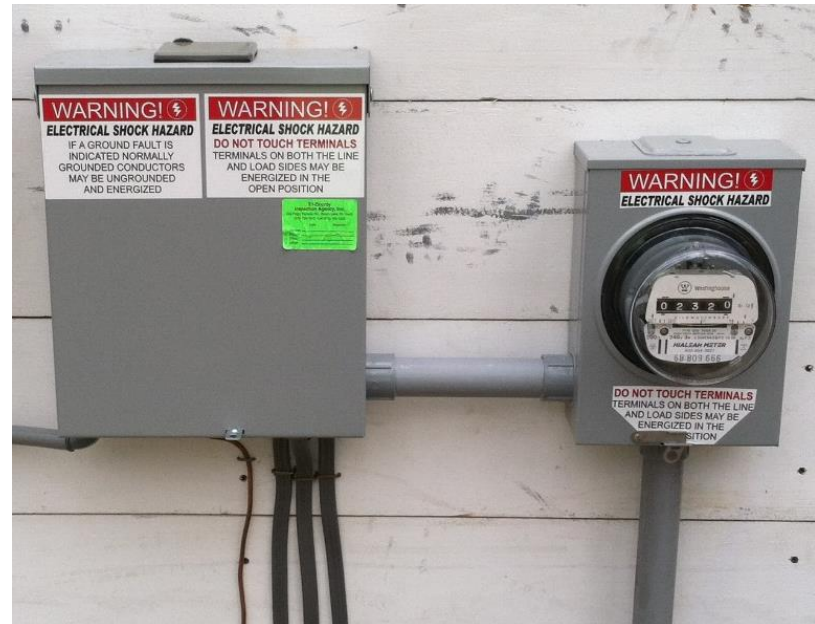


Here's what's it looks like from below:



4. Install: Wires

- Trunk Cable to WP Junction Box
- 12/3 Romex from WP Box to Sub-panel and/or Production Meter
 - Conduit required if exterior
- Then to Outside Disconnect (near utility meter)
- Disconnect to Breaker
 - Bottom of Panel Box
 - Labeled
- Bonding Wire to
 - Ground Rod and to
 - Existing House Ground



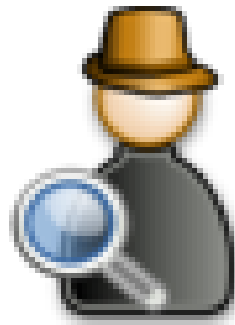
4. Install: Test it

- CHECK VOLTAGES
- TURN ON (briefly)
- COMMISSION – Internet Web Page



5. Electrical Inspection

- Meet With Inspector On-site
- Needs to sign off on
 - Part Two of Utility Interconnection paperwork,
 - And “Cut In Card” (also from Utility website),
 - Plus Community Permit (if applicable)



6. Paperwork – Part 2

- Send Utility: Part 2 of Interconnection and Cut-in Card
- Wait
- WAIT
- WAIT!!!



Turn on System for Real

- SAVE money
 - SAVE environment
 - SAVE sanity
-
- Annual Maintenance:
 - Check wiring insulation for wear
 - Clean panels (optional)

